

ABSTRACT

This project developed an educational dental treatment planning application integrating AI-powered radiographic analysis with automated appointment scheduling. The system combines OpenAI's GPT-4o vision API, digital dental charting, CDT-based procedure coding, and urgency-based scheduling. Structured prompt engineering ensures clinically relevant, image-specific AI responses, exposing dental students to emerging healthcare technologies within an appropriate educational context.

INTRODUCTION

Artificial intelligence (AI) is transforming dental radiology by enabling enhanced diagnostic precision through deep learning models such as convolutional neural networks (CNNs) [1]. Studies show that 68% of dental specialists agree AI is useful for evaluating radiographic details missed by practitioners, and 64% believe AI will help students make radiological diagnoses [2]. AI-assisted platforms can improve students' ability to detect caries (89.4%) and enhance radiographic interpretation skills (92.4%) [3].

However, there remains a significant research gap in developing educational tools that integrate AI analysis with clinical workflow training [4]. This project developed an educational dental treatment planning application combining AI-powered radiographic analysis with automated appointment scheduling to demonstrate modern clinical workflow integration and expose students to emerging healthcare technologies.

RESULTS

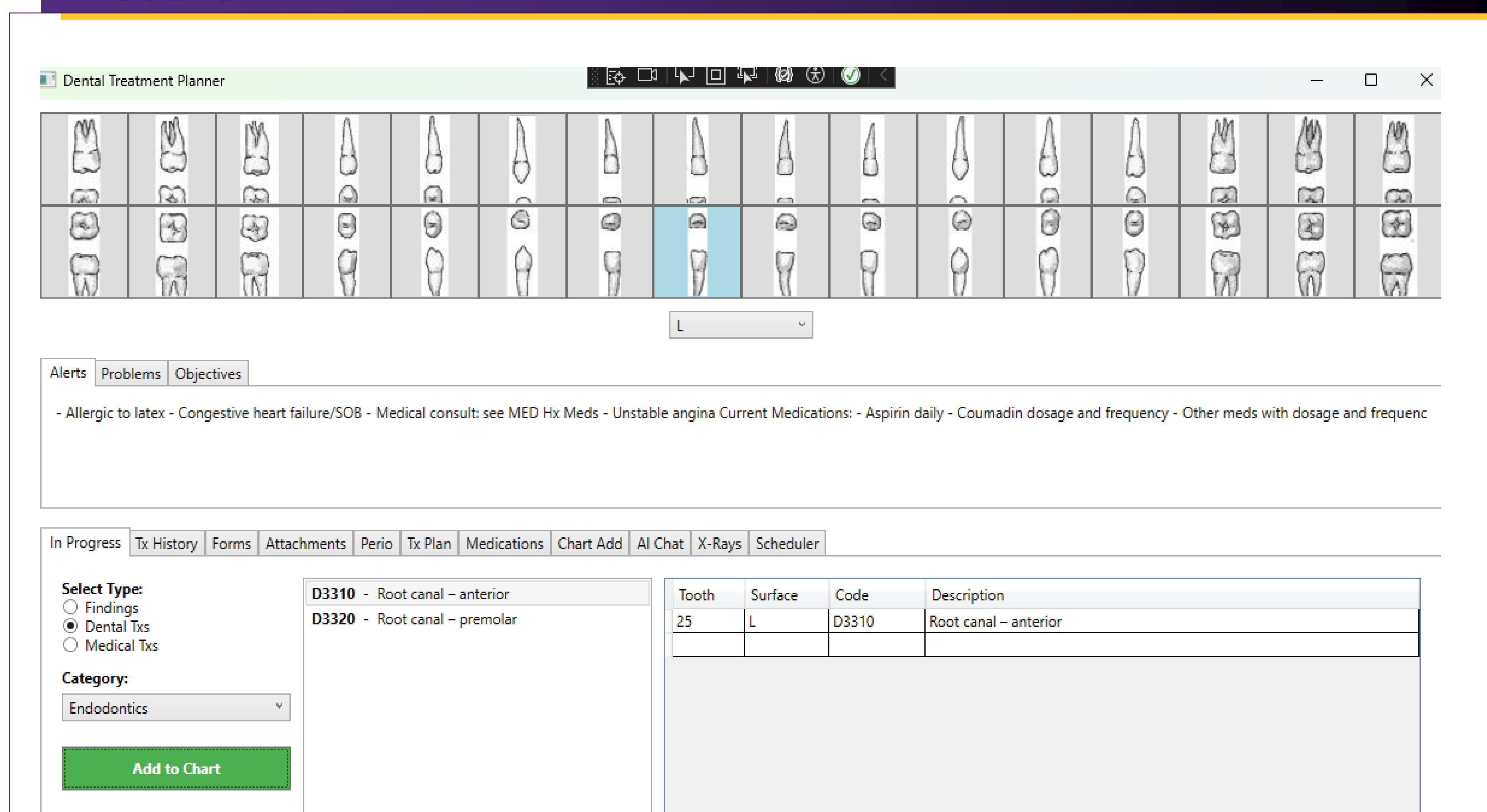


Figure 1: showing the selected plan on the AI-Moderated application with the CDT code planned.

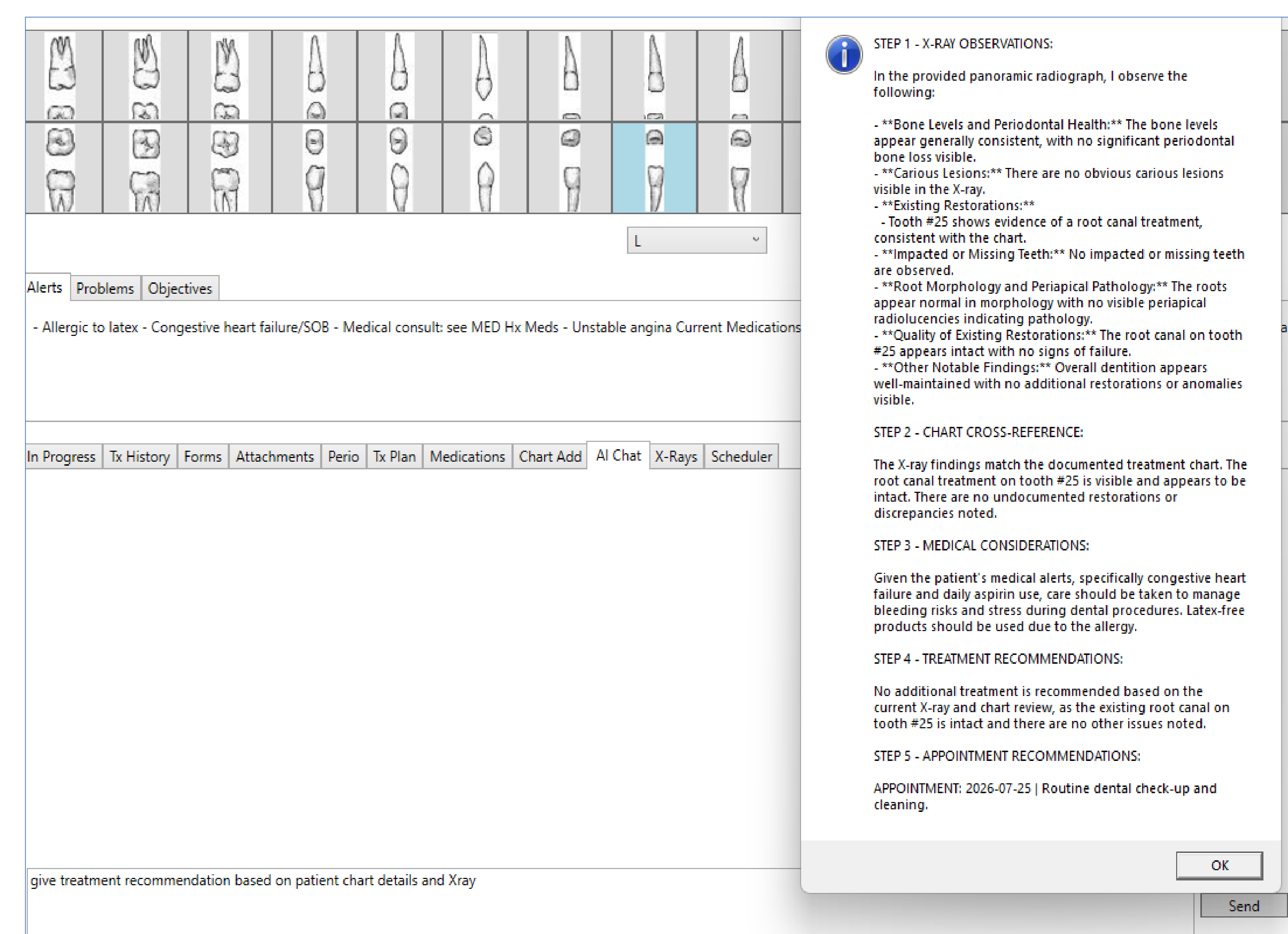


Figure 2: showing the treatment options that populated after all the date were entered including the radiographs.

MATERIALS & METHODS

A desktop application was developed using C# integrating OpenAI's GPT-4o vision API for radiographic analysis [1].

Key components include:

- Digital dental charting (FDI numbering system)
- Multi-format X-ray upload module (JPEG, PNG)
- CDT-based procedure catalog for standardized coding
- Automated appointment scheduler

AI prompts require five sequential steps:

- (1) radiographic observations,
- (2) chart cross-reference
- (3) medical considerations
- (4) treatment recommendations in Tooth|Surface|Code|Description format,
- (5) urgency-based scheduling (emergency: 1-3 days, routine: 3-6 months).

Patient-specific data including medical alerts (latex allergy, cardiovascular conditions, anticoagulants) and existing treatment history were integrated to generate contextualized recommendations [2].

DISCUSSION

The application successfully demonstrates integrated AI-assisted clinical workflow simulation. Key findings include:

1. AI Radiographic Analysis The system demonstrates AI's ability to analyze radiographic images, providing students with observations about radiograph types, visible restorations, and areas requiring further evaluation [1].

2. Chart Cross-Reference Cross-referencing between X-ray findings and existing chart entries identifies treatment discrepancies and undocumented restorations.

3. Automated Scheduling Appointments are calculated based on clinical urgency:

- Emergency: 1-3 days
- Routine preventive: 3-6 months
- Post-operative follow-up: 1-2 weeks

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